

| 70 orders | 432 families | common family name | America | EurAfrica | AsiaIndia | AsiaAus | Stevens, P. F. Angiosperm Phylogeny Website |
|--------------|------------------|---------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|---|
| Acorales | Acoraceae | Sweet flag | | | | | Northern Hemisphere |
| Alismatales | Alismataceae | Water poppy | | | | | Pantropical, also temperate |
| Alismatales | Aponogetonaceae | Cape-pondweed | | | | | Old World, esp. South Africa, largely tropical |
| Alismatales | Araceae | Arum or Calla-lily | | | | | Mostly tropical, but relatively few in Africa-Madagascar and Australia |
| Alismatales | Butomaceae | Flowering-rush | | | | | Temperate Eurasia, naturalised in N.E. North America |
| Alismatales | Cymodoceaceae | Manatee-grass | | | | | More or less tropical (to warm temperate), Australia in particular |
| Alismatales | Hydrocharitaceae | Tape-grass | | | | | World-wide |
| Alismatales | Juncaginaceae | Arrowgrass | | | | | Cosmopolitan, but largely coastal |
| Alismatales | Maundiaceae | Maund's arrowgrass | | | | | East Australia |
| Alismatales | Posidoniaceae | Tapeweed | | | | | Mediterranean, temperate Australia |
| Alismatales | Potamogetonaceae | Pondweed | | | | | World-wide, esp. temperate |
| Alismatales | Ruppiceae | Widgeonweeds | | | | | More or less world-wide |
| Alismatales | Scheuchzeriaceae | Pod grass | | | | | N. Temperate to Arctic |
| Alismatales | Tofieldiaceae | False asphodel | | | | | S.E. U.S.A., N. and N.W. South America, N. temperate |
| Alismatales | Zosteraceae | Eelgrass | | | | | Temperate to subtropical |
| Amborellales | Amborellaceae | Amborella | | | | | native to New Caledonia |
| Apiales | Apiaceae | Carrot or Coriander | | | | | World-wide, esp. N. temperate |
| Apiales | Araliaceae | Ivy | | | | | Largely tropical, few temperate |
| Apiales | Griselinaceae | Kapuka | | | | | New Zealand and S. South America |
| Apiales | Myodocarpaceae | Mousefruit | | | | | New Caledonia, E. Malesia, and Queensland, Australia |
| Apiales | Pennantiaceae | Kaikomako | | | | | N.E. Australia, Three Kings Island, Norfolk Island, New Zealand |
| Apiales | Pittosporaceae | Cheesewood | | | | | Old World, especially Australia, tropical and warm temperate |
| Apiales | Toricelliaceae | Ivy-palm | | | | | Madagascar, South East Asia and W. Malesia |
| Aquifoliales | Aquifoliaceae | Holly | | | | | World-wide, esp. South America and South East Asia-Malesia |
| Aquifoliales | Helwingiaceae | Flowering-rafts | | | | | Himalayas to Japan |
| Aquifoliales | Phyllonomaceae | Flowering-leaf | | | | | Mexico to Peru |
| Arecales | Arecaceae | Palm | | | | | Humid tropics and subtropics (warm temperate) |
| Arecales | Dasyopogonaceae | Saviour-grass | | | | | West Australia, Victoria, native |
| Asparagales | Amaryllidaceae | Amaryllis | | | | | World-wide |
| Asparagales | Asparagaceae | Asparagus | | | | | World-wide, but not Arctic |
| Asparagales | Asphodelaceae | Aloe | | | | | Esp. Old World, not Arctic, western South America |
| Asparagales | Asteliaceae | Pineapple-grass | | | | | Australia and New Zealand to New Guinea, Pacific Islands E. to Hawai'i, Chile, the Mascarenes |
| Asparagales | Blandfordiaceae | Christmas bells | | | | | E. Australia, native |
| Asparagales | Boryaceae | Pincushion-lily | | | | | Australia, scattered, native |
| Asparagales | Doryanthaceae | Gymea-lily | | | | | E. Australia, native |
| Asparagales | Hypoxidaceae | Star-lily | | | | | Seasonal tropics, esp. southern Africa (temperate) |

| order (APW) | family (Kew & APW) | common family name | America | EurAfrica | AsiaIndia | AsiaAus | Stevens, P. F. Angiosperm Phylogeny Website |
|------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|---|
| Asparagales | Iridaceae | Irises | | | | | World-wide |
| Asparagales | Ixioliriaceae | Tartar-lily | | | | | Egypt and Turkey to Central Asia and Pakistan |
| Asparagales | Lanariaceae | Cape edelweiss | | | | | Cape Province, South Africa |
| Asparagales | Orchidaceae | Orchid | | | | | World-wide |
| Asparagales | Tecophilaeaceae | Chilean-crocus | | | | | Africa, Chile, and the U.S.A. |
| Asparagales | Xeronemataceae | Poor-Knights-lily | | | | | New Zealand (Poor Knights Island) and New Caledonia |
| Asterales | Alseuosmiaceae | Toropapa | | | | | New Guinea, E. Australia, New Zealand, New Caledonia |
| Asterales | Argophyllaceae | Silverleaf | | | | | S.W. Pacific, including Rapa (Lautea, = Corokia) |
| Asterales | Asteraceae | Sunflower | | | | | World-wide |
| Asterales | Calyceraceae | Balsamleaf | | | | | South America |
| Asterales | Campanulaceae | Bellflower | | | | | World-wide |
| Asterales | Goodeniaceae | Fanflower | | | | | Very largely Australian, Scaevola alone pantropical |
| Asterales | Menyanthaceae | Bogbean | | | | | World-wide |
| Asterales | Pentaphragmataceae | Scorpion's-tail | | | | | South East Asia to Malesia, esp. W. Malesia |
| Asterales | Phellinaceae | Corkfruit | | | | | native to New Caledonia |
| Asterales | Rousseaceae | Putaweta | | | | | Mauritius, scattered from New Guinea to New Zealand |
| Asterales | Stylidiaceae | Triggerplant | | | | | Scattered in South East Asia to New Zealand, S. South America, but mostly Australia |
| Austrobaileyales | Austrobaileyaceae | Austrobaileya | | | | | N.E. Australia |
| Austrobaileyales | Schisandraceae | Star-anise | | | | | Sri Lanka and South East Asia to W. Malesia, S.E. U.S.A., E. Mexico, Greater Antilles |
| Austrobaileyales | Trimeniaceae | Bittervine | | | | | New Guinea and S.E. Australia to Fiji |
| Berberidopsales | Aextoxicaceae | Olivillo | | | | | C. Chile |
| Berberidopsales | Berberidopsidaceae | Coral-vine | | | | | Chile, E. Australia |
| Boraginales | Boraginaceae | Borage | | | | | Largely (north (warm) temperate, some on mountains in the tropics |
| Boraginales | Codonaceae | Codon | | | | | S.W. Africa |
| Boraginales | Cordiaceae | Manjack | | | | | Tropical, especially South America |
| Boraginales | Ehretiaceae | Crinklemat | | | | | Mostly tropical, S.W. U.S.A. |
| Boraginales | Heliotropiaceae | Heliotrope | | | | | Tropical to warm temperate |
| Boraginales | Namaceae | Nama | | | | | Southwest North America, Central America and western South America, Antilles, Hawai'i |
| Boraginales | Wellstediaceae | Wellstedtia | | | | | S.W. and N.E. Africa |
| Brassicales | Akaniaceae | Turnipwood | | | | | Southeast Asia, E. Australia |
| Brassicales | Bataceae | Saltwort | | | | | N. Australia and S. New Guinea, tropical America, and the Galapagos |
| Brassicales | Brassicaceae | Mustard and cabbage | | | | | World-wide, esp. Tajikstan, Turkey and N. Temperate and drier areas in general, few Australia southern Africa |
| Brassicales | Capparaceae | Caper | | | | | Largely tropical |
| Brassicales | Caricaceae | Papaya | | | | | Mostly tropical (Andean) America (three genera in Mexico) Africa (Cylicomorpha only) |
| Brassicales | Cleomaceae | Spider-Flower | | | | | Tropical and warm temperate, esp. America |
| Brassicales | Emblingiaceae | Slippercreeper | | | | | W. Australia, native |

| order (APW) | family (Kew & APW) | common family name | America | EurAfrica | AsiaIndia | AsiaAus | Stevens, P. F. Angiosperm Phylogeny Website |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|--|
| Brassicales | Gyrostemonaceae | Buttoncreeper | | | | ■ | Australia, native, not in the north |
| Brassicales | Koerberliniaceae | Allthorn | ■ | | | | Central and S.W. North America, Bolivia |
| Brassicales | Limnanthaceae | Meadowfoam | ■ | | | | Temperate North America |
| Brassicales | Moringaceae | Drumstick tree | | ■ | ■ | | India to Africa, Madagascar, Moringa oleifera is quite widely cultivated |
| Brassicales | Pentadiplandraceae | Oubli | | ■ | | | Tropical W. Africa |
| Brassicales | Resedaceae | Mignonette | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | Mostly Northern hemisphere, a few southern Africa |
| Brassicales | Salvadoraceae | Toothbrush-tree | | ■ | ■ | ■ | Africa (inc. Madagascar) to South East Asia and West Malesia, often in drier regions |
| Brassicales | Setchellanthaceae | Azulita | ■ | | | | Mexico |
| Brassicales | Tiganophytaceae | Tiganophyton | | ■ | | | Namibia |
| Brassicales | Tovariaceae | Stinkbush | ■ | | | | Tropical America |
| Brassicales | Tropaeolaceae | Nasturtium | ■ | ■ | | | New World, esp. Andean |
| Bruniales | Bruniaceae | Buttonbush | | ■ | | | South Africa, almost entirely the Cape Province, also KwaZulu-Natal |
| Buxales | Buxaceae | Box(wood) | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ± Temperate to ± tropical, very scattered, not in the Antipodes |
| Canellales | Canellaceae | Canela-bark | ■ | | | | Tropics; U.S.A. (S. Florida), Antilles, South America, E. Africa, Madagascar |
| Canellales | Winteraceae | Winter's bark | ■ | ■ | | ■ | Montane tropics, not mainland Africa |
| Cardiopteridales | Cardiopteridaceae | Churnwood | ■ | | | ■ | Tropics, inc. the Pacific, to Taiwan |
| Cardiopteridales | Stemonuraceae | Buff-beech | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | Tropics, esp. Indo-Malesia to Australia (Queensland) and the West Pacific |
| Caryophyllales | Achatocarpaceae | Snake-eyes | ■ | | | | S.W. USA to South America |
| Caryophyllales | Aizoaceae | Fig-marigold | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | Tropics and Subtropics |
| Caryophyllales | Amaranthaceae | Amaranth | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ± World-wide |
| Caryophyllales | Anacampserotaceae | Love-plant | ■ | ■ | | ■ | Very scattered: C. and S. Australia, Somalia to South Africa (most species), S. South America, N. Mexico and S.W. U.S.A. |
| Caryophyllales | Ancistrocladaceae | Kardal | | ■ | ■ | ■ | Tropical Africa to W. Borneo and Formosa |
| Caryophyllales | Asteropeiaceae | Manoko | | ■ | | | native to Madagascar |
| Caryophyllales | Barbeuiaceae | Liane-Barbeu | | ■ | | | Madagascar |
| Caryophyllales | Basellaceae | Malabar-spinach | ■ | ■ | | | Africa, New World, apparently introduced into India-East Asia |
| Caryophyllales | Cactaceae | Cactus | ■ | ■ | | | Nearly all New World, esp. arid conditions |
| Caryophyllales | Caryophyllaceae | Pink or carnation | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | Mostly temperate, esp. Eurasian; self-fertilizing Colobanthus quitensis also in the Antarctic Peninsula |
| Caryophyllales | Didiereaceae | Octopus-tree | | ■ | | | Madagascar, Southern and eastern Africa |
| Caryophyllales | Dioncophyllaceae | Hookleaf-vine | | ■ | | | Tropical West Africa |
| Caryophyllales | Droseraceae | Sundew | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | World-wide |
| Caryophyllales | Drosophyllaceae | Drewpine | | ■ | | | Southern Iberian Peninsula, Morocco |
| Caryophyllales | Frankeniaceae | Sea-Heath | ■ | ■ | | ■ | ± World-wide in warm, dry areas, but scattered |
| Caryophyllales | Gisekiaceae | Stork's-henna | | ■ | ■ | ■ | Africa, southern Asia |
| Caryophyllales | Halophytaceae | Verdolaga | ■ | | | | Argentina |
| Caryophyllales | Kewaceae | Suring | | ■ | | | South Africa (most), to Ethiopia, Madagascar, and St Helena |
| Caryophyllales | Limeaceae | Lizard-foot | | ■ | ■ | | Southern Africa (most species), to Ethiopia, S. Asia |

| order (APW) | family (Kew & APW) | common family name | America | EurAfrica | AsiaIndia | AsiaAus | Stevens, P. F. Angiosperm Phylogeny Website |
|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|---|
| Caryophyllales | Lophiocarpaceae | Sandaarbossie | | | | | Africa to western India |
| Caryophyllales | Macarthuraceae | Macarthuria | | | | | Australia, the periphery, esp. S.W. Australia |
| Caryophyllales | Microteaceae | Jumby-pepper | | | | | Antilles, Central and South America, Uruguay northwards, not western Peru, etc. |
| Caryophyllales | Molluginaceae | Carpetweed | | | | | Tropical, especially southern Africa, to warm temperate, some weedy |
| Caryophyllales | Montiaceae | Blinks | | | | | Especially western North and South America, also the Antilles and the Subantarctic Islands |
| Caryophyllales | Nepenthaceae | Tropical pitcher | | | | | Madagascar to New Caledonia |
| Caryophyllales | Nyctaginaceae | Four o'clock | | | | | Tropical to warm temperate |
| Caryophyllales | Petiveriaceae | Henwood | | | | | Southern U.S.A. to South America, the Antilles, Australia, New Hebrides and New Caledonia |
| Caryophyllales | Physenaceae | Balloonfruit | | | | | native to Madagascar |
| Caryophyllales | Phytolaccaceae | Pokeweed | | | | | Tropical and warm temperate, esp. America |
| Caryophyllales | Plumbaginaceae | Leadwort | | | | | Predominantly Mediterranean to Central Asia, scattered elsewhere |
| Caryophyllales | Polygonaceae | Knotweed | | | | | N. South America, West Africa |
| Caryophyllales | Portulacaceae | Purslane | | | | | World-wide, but especially tropical and subtropical North and South America |
| Caryophyllales | Rhabdodendraceae | Clubfruit-tree | | | | | Tropical South America |
| Caryophyllales | Sarcobataceae | Greasewood | | | | | S.W. North America |
| Caryophyllales | Simmondsiaceae | Jojoba | | | | | S.W. North America, the Sonoran Desert |
| Caryophyllales | Stegnospermataceae | Cuban-tangle | | | | | Central America, the Antilles |
| Caryophyllales | Talinaceae | Fameflower | | | | | America and Africa, including Madagascar |
| Caryophyllales | Tamaricaceae | Salt-cedar | | | | | Eurasia and Africa, esp. Mediterranean to Central Asia, commonly naturalised in North America and elsewhere |
| Celastrales | Celastraceae | Staff vine | | | | | World-wide |
| Celastrales | Lepidobotryaceae | Snail-cedar | | | | | West Africa (Lepidobotrys staudtii), Central and South America, scattered, to Peru, inc. W. Amazon |
| Ceratophyllales | Ceratophyllaceae | Hornwort | | | | | World-wide |
| Chloranthales | Chloranthaceae | Pearl-orchid | | | | | Tropics and subtropics, not Africa (Madagascar - Ascarina only) |
| Commelinales | Commelinaceae | Spiderwort | | | | | Mostly tropical, some temperate |
| Commelinales | Haemodoraceae | Bloodwort | | | | | Tropics and warm temperate regions |
| Commelinales | Hanguanaceae | Susum | | | | | Sri Lanka, South East Asia to Palau and N. Australia |
| Commelinales | Philydraceae | Frogsmouth | | | | | Australia (all genera) to Southeast Asia |
| Commelinales | Pontederiaceae | Water Hyacinth | | | | | Tropics, also temperate, esp. New World |
| Cornales | Cornaceae | Dogwood | | | | | Scattered, not S. South America |
| Cornales | Curtisiaceae | Assegai | | | | | Southern Africa |
| Cornales | Grubbiaceae | Sillyberry | | | | | Cape Floristic Province, South Africa |
| Cornales | Hydrangeaceae | Hortensia | | | | | Warm temperate, some species in tropics |
| Cornales | Hydrostachyaceae | Waterspike | | | | | C. and S. Africa, Madagascar |
| Cornales | Loasaceae | Stickleaf | | | | | Mostly American, but also Africa and the Marquesas Islands |
| Cornales | Nyssaceae | Tupelo-tree | | | | | Mainly East Asia, also Indo-Malesia and E. North America |
| Crossosomatales | Aphloiaceae | Mountain-peach | | | | | E. Africa, Madagascar, the Mascarenes and Seychelles |

| order (APW) | family (Kew & APW) | common family name | America | EurAfrica | AsiaIndia | AsiaAus | Stevens, P. F. Angiosperm Phylogeny Website |
|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|--|
| Crossosomatales | Crossosomataceae | Rockflower | | | | | W. North America |
| Crossosomatales | Geissolomataceae | Cape-cups | | | | | Cape Floristic Province, South Africa |
| Crossosomatales | Guamatelaceae | Guatemalan-bramble | | | | | Mexico, Guatemala, and Honduras |
| Crossosomatales | Stachyuraceae | Spiketail | | | | | South East Asia |
| Crossosomatales | Staphyleaceae | Bladdernut | | | | | North temperate, tropics in America (to Bolivia) and Malesia |
| Crossosomatales | Strasburgeriaceae | Tawari | | | | | New Caledonia and New Zealand |
| Cucurbitales | Anisophylleaceae | Leechwood | | | | | Pantropical |
| Cucurbitales | Apodanthaceae | Stemsucker | | | | | from S. W. U.S.A. southwards, S. W. Asia, S. W. Australia and E. (mostly) Africa |
| Cucurbitales | Begoniaceae | Begonia | | | | | Largely tropical |
| Cucurbitales | Coriariaceae | Tanner-bush | | | | | Very disjunct: Circum S. Pacific to China and Himalayas, Mediterranean |
| Cucurbitales | Corynocarpaceae | Cribwood | | | | | New Guinea to New Zealand, introduced on Hawai'i |
| Cucurbitales | Cucurbitaceae | Gourd or cucumber | | | | | Largely tropical and subtropical, especially drier parts of Africa |
| Cucurbitales | Datisceae | Durango-root | | | | | W. North America, Crete to India |
| Cucurbitales | Tetramelaceae | False hemp-tree | | | | | Indo-Malesia |
| Desfontainiales | Columelliaceae | Andean-holly | | | | | Costa Rica to Chile, montane in the tropical part of this area |
| Dilleniales | Dilleniaceae | Guineaflower | | | | | Tropical and warm temperate |
| Dioscoreales | Burmanniaceae | Bluethreads | | | | | Tropical, esp. America and the Guianan area, subtropical in both hemispheres |
| Dioscoreales | Dioscoreaceae | Yam | | | | | Largely tropical |
| Dioscoreales | Nartheciaceae | Bog asphodel | | | | | Interrupted N. temperate, Venezuela and Guyana and scattered in W. Malesia |
| Dipsacales | Caprifoliaceae | Honeysuckle | | | | | Largely temperate/warm temperate in the northern hemisphere, some montane tropics |
| Dipsacales | Viburnaceae | Moschatel | | | | | North temperate, tropical montane, S.E. Australia, rare in Africa |
| Ericales | Actinidiaceae | Kiwifruit | | | | | Largely tropical, esp. South East Asia to Malesia, but not Africa |
| Ericales | Balsaminaceae | Balsam | | | | | Cool temperate to tropical, not Central and South America, the Antipodes, or Oceania |
| Ericales | Clethraceae | Lily-of-the-valley-tree | | | | | E. Asia to Malesia, S.E. U.S.A., Mexico southwards, Cuba, 1 on Madeira; largely tropical montane to ± warm temperate |
| Ericales | Cyrillaceae | Leatherwood | | | | | S. U.S.A. to N. South America |
| Ericales | Diapensiaceae | Pincushion-plant | | | | | Scattered N. temperate, esp. East Asia and E. U.S.A., Diapensia lapponica plus D. obovata circum-Arctic |
| Ericales | Ebenaceae | Ebony | | | | | Tropical (to temperate) |
| Ericales | Ericaceae | Heather | | | | | Boreal to warm temperate, also montane tropics, very rare in lowland tropic |
| Ericales | Fouquieriaceae | Boojum | | | | | S.W. North America |
| Ericales | Lecythidaceae | Paradise nut | | | | | Tropical, especially America and W. Africa |
| Ericales | Marcgraviaceae | Shingle-vine | | | | | New World tropics |
| Ericales | Mitrastemonaceae | Nippledaisy | | | | | South East Asia, Malesia, Central America, N.W. South America, scattered |
| Ericales | Pentaphylacaceae | Saintedwood | | | | | Tropical and subtropical, but few in Africa |
| Ericales | Polemoniaceae | Jacob's-ladder | | | | | N. temperate, W. North America, South America |
| Ericales | Primulaceae | Primrose | | | | | World-wide |
| Ericales | Roridulaceae | Flycatcher-bush | | | | | Southern Africa |

| order (APW) | family (Kew & APW) | common family name | America | EurAfrica | AsiaIndia | AsiaAus | Stevens, P. F. Angiosperm Phylogeny Website |
|---------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|---|
| | Ericales | Sapotaceae | Milkwood | | | | Pantropical |
| | Ericales | Sarraceniaceae | American-pitcherplant | | | | E. and W. U.S.A. and the Guayana Highlands |
| | Ericales | Sladeniaceae | Ribfruit | | | | S.E. Asia, tropical E. Africa |
| | Ericales | Styracaceae | Silverbell | | | | Japan to Malesia, esp. Southeast Asia, Mediterranean and thereabouts, N. America, Styrax alone in C. and S. America |
| | Ericales | Symplocaceae | Sapphireberry | | | | Tropical to subtropical, inc. New Caledonia, not Africa |
| | Ericales | Tetrameristaceae | Punah | | | | W. Malesia, Central and N. South America |
| | Ericales | Theaceae | Tea and camellia | | | | Mostly warm temperate to subtropical India-South East Asia and Malesia, some in the Americas, Africa none |
| Escalloniales | Escalloniaceae | Currybush | | | | | Scattered: Réunion, E. Himalayas and S. China to E. and W. Australia and New Zealand, Central and South America |
| Fabales | Fabaceae | Pea or bean | | | | | World-wide |
| Fabales | Polygalaceae | Milkwort | | | | | World-wide, except the Arctic and New Zealand |
| Fabales | Quillajaceae | Soapbark-tree | | | | | Temperate South America, not Peru |
| Fabales | Surianaceae | Bay-cedar | | | | | Mostly Australian, also Mexico and the Osa Peninsula, Costa Rica |
| Fagales | Betulaceae | Birch | | | | | North Temperate, to Andes and Sumatra |
| Fagales | Casuarinaceae | She-oak | | | | | South East Asia and Malesia to the S.W. Pacific, esp. Australia |
| Fagales | Fagaceae | Oak or beech | | | | | More or less world-wide |
| Fagales | Juglandaceae | Walnut | | | | | North temperate, also Malesia and the Andes |
| Fagales | Myricaceae | Bayberry | | | | | ± Cosmopolitan, scattered |
| Fagales | Nothofagaceae | Roble | | | | | New Guinea to South America |
| Fagales | Ticodendraceae | Tico-tree | | | | | Central America |
| Garryales | Eucommiaceae | Chinese-rubbertree | | | | | Central China |
| Garryales | Garryaceae | Silktassel | | | | | W. North America, Central America, the Greater Antilles and East Asia |
| Gentianales | Apocynaceae | Dogbane | | | | | Largely tropical to warm temperate |
| Gentianales | Gelsemiaceae | Yellow-jessamine | | | | | ± Pantropical |
| Gentianales | Gentianaceae | Gentian | | | | | World-wide, but especially temperate, about half the genera in South America |
| Gentianales | Loganiaceae | Indian-pink | | | | | Pantropical, esp. Australia and New Caledonia |
| Gentianales | Rubiaceae | Coffee and madder | | | | | World-wide, but largely tropical, especially Madagascar and the Andes |
| Geraniales | Francoaceae | Bridal-wreath | | | | | Africa (Bersameae), South America (Vivianieae [Greyieae + Francoeae]) |
| Geraniales | Geraniaceae | Geranium | | | | | Temperate and warm temperate |
| Gunnerales | Gunneraceae | Giant-rhubarb | | | | | Circum S. Pacific, Africa and Madagascar, most New World |
| Gunnerales | Myrothamnaceae | Resurrection-shrub | | | | | Africa and Madagascar |
| Huerteales | Dipentodontaceae | Shichi | | | | | Southeast Asia to Malesia, Mexico to Peru |
| Huerteales | Gerrardinaceae | Brown-ironwood | | | | | Eastern and southern Africa |
| Huerteales | Petenaeeaceae | Petén-linden | | | | | Central America |
| Huerteales | Tapisciaceae | Silverpheasant-tree | | | | | China, West Indies and N.W. South America |
| Icacinales | Icacinaceae | White pear | | | | | Pantropical, inc. W. Pacific, to China and Japan |
| Lamiales | Acanthaceae | Bear's breeches | | | | | Mostly tropical |

| order (APW) | family (Kew & APW) | common family name | America | EurAfrica | AsiaIndia | AsiaAus | Stevens, P. F. Angiosperm Phylogeny Website |
|-------------|--------------------|-------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|--|
| Lamiales | Bignoniaceae | Trumpetvine | | | | | Mainly tropical, esp. South America |
| Lamiales | Byblidaceae | Rainbowplant | | | | | S.W. and N. Australia, S. New Guinea |
| Lamiales | Calceolariaceae | Lady's purse | | | | | Upland tropical and W. temperate South America, Brasil, Jovellana New Zealand (2 species) and Chile |
| Lamiales | Carlemanniaceae | Fragrant-princess | | | | | E. Nepal to Myanmar, Thailand, Laos, Vietnam, S.W. China, Sumatra |
| Lamiales | Gesneriaceae | Gloxinia | | | | | Largely tropical |
| Lamiales | Lamiaceae | Sage or mint | | | | | World-wide |
| Lamiales | Lentibulariaceae | Bladderwort | | | | | World-wide, introduced into Hawaii? |
| Lamiales | Linderniaceae | Wishbone-flower | | | | | Pantropical to warm temperate |
| Lamiales | Martyniaceae | Unicornplant | | | | | Tropical and subtropical America, rather scattered |
| Lamiales | Mazaceae | Cupdower | | | | | Turkey and Central Asia and North China to the Antipodes, rather scattered, but esp. China |
| Lamiales | Oleaceae | Olive or jasmine | | | | | More or less world-wide, especially East Asia |
| Lamiales | Orobanchaceae | Broomrape | | | | | World-wide, but especially North (warm) Temperate and Africa-Madagascar |
| Lamiales | Paulowniaceae | Empress-Tree | | | | | Laos, Vietnam, mostly China; in Korea and Japan introduced |
| Lamiales | Pedaliaceae | Sesame | | | | | Mostly Old World tropical, in coastal or arid habitats |
| Lamiales | Peltantheraceae | Peltanthera | | | | | Costa Rica to Bolivia |
| Lamiales | Phrymaceae | Lopseed | | | | | ± World-wide, esp. temperate and W. North America and Australia, but few humid tropics |
| Lamiales | Plantaginaceae | Speedwell | | | | | Mostly temperate |
| Lamiales | Plocospermataceae | Staghorn-shrub | | | | | Central America |
| Lamiales | Schlegeliaceae | Higuerito | | | | | Mexico to tropical, esp. N.W., South America, Antilles |
| Lamiales | Scrophulariaceae | Figwort | | | | | World-wide |
| Lamiales | Stilbaceae | Candlesticks | | | | | Most South Africa, esp. the Cape Floristic Region, also tropical Africa, Madagascar, the Mascarenes and Araoia |
| Lamiales | Tetrachondraceae | Rustweed | | | | | New Zealand, S.E. U.S.A. to South America |
| Lamiales | Thomandersiaceae | West-African-bitterbush | | | | | W. and C. Africa |
| Lamiales | Verbenaceae | Vervain | | | | | Pantropical (to warm temperate), but mostly New World, esp. S. South America |
| Lamiales | Wightiaceae | Pala indigo | | | | | Nepal to China (Yunnan) to west Malesia |
| Laurales | Atherospermataceae | Southern sassafrase | | | | | New Guinea to New Zealand and New Caledonia, Chile, scattered |
| Laurales | Calycanthaceae | Sweetshrub | | | | | East Asia, North America, N.E. Australia |
| Laurales | Gomortegaceae | Keule | | | | | C. Chile, rare |
| Laurales | Hernandiaceae | Lantern-tree | | | | | Pantropical |
| Laurales | Lauraceae | (Bay-)laurel | | | | | Pantropical (temperate), lowland to montane |
| Laurales | Monimiaceae | Boldo | | | | | Tropical-Southern Hemisphere, but esp. Australasia |
| Laurales | Siparunaceae | Fevertree | | | | | Tropical America (Siparuna), W. Africa (Glossocalyx) |
| Liliales | Alstroemeriaceae | Inca-lily | | | | | Tropical and temperate Central and South America |
| Liliales | Campynemataceae | Green-mountainlily | | | | | New Caledonia and Tasmania |
| Liliales | Colchicaceae | Colchicum | | | | | Temperate to tropical, but not in South America |
| Liliales | Corsiaceae | Ghost-flower | | | | | Scattered: western South America, Falkland Islands, S. China, Papuasiasia-Australia |

| order (APW) | family (Kew & APW) | common family name | America | EurAfrica | AsiaIndia | AsiaAus | Stevens, P. F. Angiosperm Phylogeny Website |
|--------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|--|
| Liliales | Liliaceae | Lily | | | | | North Temperate, especially East Asia and North America |
| Liliales | Melanthiaceae | Bunchflower | | | | | N. temperate, esp. East Asia and E. North America, to Peru |
| Liliales | Petermanniaceae | Petermann's vine | | | | | Central part of the E. coast of Australia, native |
| Liliales | Philesiaceae | Chilean-bellflower | | | | | Southern Chile |
| Liliales | Ripogonaceae | Supplejack | | | | | New Zealand to New Guinea |
| Liliales | Smilacaceae | Greenbriers | | | | | Pantropical to temperate |
| Magnoliales | Annonaceae | Custard apple | | | | | Largely tropical |
| Magnoliales | Degeneriaceae | Masiratu | | | | | Fiji, Viti Levu |
| Magnoliales | Eupomatiaceae | Bolwarra | | | | | New Guinea and E. Australia |
| Magnoliales | Himantandraceae | Pigeonberry ash | | | | | The Celebes, New Guinea and N.E. Australia |
| Magnoliales | Magnoliaceae | Magnolia or tulip tree | | | | | The Americas (but not W. North America), and South East Asia to Malaysia |
| Magnoliales | Myristicaceae | Nutmeg | | | | | Largely tropical |
| Malpighiales | Achariaceae | Chaulmoogra | | | | | Pantropical |
| Malpighiales | Balanopaceae | Pimplebark | | | | | S.W. Pacific, especially New Caledonia |
| Malpighiales | Bonnetiaceae | Cascarilla | | | | | Cambodia, Malaysia (mostly Western), Cuba, South America |
| Malpighiales | Calophyllaceae | Takamaka | | | | | Throughout the tropics |
| Malpighiales | Caryocaraceae | Souari-tree | | | | | Tropical America, esp. Amazonia |
| Malpighiales | Centroplacaceae | Biku-biku | | | | | West Africa, Indo-Malesia |
| Malpighiales | Chrysobalanaceae | Cocoplum | | | | | Pantropical, especially American |
| Malpighiales | Clusiaceae | Mangosteen | | | | | Throughout the tropics |
| Malpighiales | Ctenolophonaceae | Litoh | | | | | W. Africa, Malaysia |
| Malpighiales | Dichapetalaceae | Ratbane | | | | | Pantropical, few in Malaysia |
| Malpighiales | Elatinaceae | Waterwort | | | | | World-wide, but more tropical, not Arctic |
| Malpighiales | Erythroxylaceae | Coca | | | | | Pantropical, esp. American |
| Malpighiales | Euphorbiaceae | Spurge | | | | | Pantropical, also (cool) temperate |
| Malpighiales | Euphroniaceae | Euphronia | | | | | The Guyana Shield, South America |
| Malpighiales | Goupiaceae | Kopi | | | | | Central and N. South America |
| Malpighiales | Humiriaceae | Umiri | | | | | Tropical America, W. Africa |
| Malpighiales | Hypericaceae | St. John's wort | | | | | World-wide |
| Malpighiales | Irvingiaceae | Ogbono-nut | | | | | Africa, Madagascar; South East Asia to W. Malaysia |
| Malpighiales | Ixonanthaceae | Twentymen-tree | | | | | Pantropical |
| Malpighiales | Lacistemataceae | Cemp-wood | | | | | Greater Antilles (Jamaica), Mexico southwards, not in Chile |
| Malpighiales | Linaceae | Flax or Linseed | | | | | World-wide |
| Malpighiales | Lophopyxidaceae | Kotob | | | | | Malaysia to the Solomon and Caroline Islands |
| Malpighiales | Malpighiaceae | Barbados cherry | | | | | Tropical and subtropical, especially American |
| Malpighiales | Ochnaceae | Wild plane | | | | | Tropical, esp. South America |

| order (APW) | family (Kew & APW) | common family name | America | EurAfrica | AsiaIndia | AsiaAus | Stevens, P. F. Angiosperm Phylogeny Website |
|---------------|--------------------|----------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|---|
| Malpighiales | Pandaceae | Kana-nut | | | | | Tropics, Africa to New Guinea |
| Malpighiales | Passifloraceae | Passion flower | | | | | Tropical, esp. America and Africa, also warm temperate |
| Malpighiales | Peraceae | Lightning-bush | | | | | Pantropical, probably not East Malesia |
| Malpighiales | Phyllanthaceae | Leafflower | | | | | Pantropical, but esp. Malesia, some temperate |
| Malpighiales | Picrodendraceae | Hollyspurge | | | | | Mostly tropical |
| Malpighiales | Podostemaceae | Riverweed | | | | | Usually tropical, esp. America |
| Malpighiales | Putranjivaceae | Childlife-tree | | | | | Tropical, esp. Africa and Malesia |
| Malpighiales | Rafflesiaceae | Corpse-flower | | | | | S. China, Assam, Bhutan, Thailand, W. Malesia |
| Malpighiales | Rhizophoraceae | Mangrove | | | | | Pantropical |
| Malpighiales | Salicaceae | Willow | | | | | Pantropical, also temperate (but few in the Antipodes) to Arctic |
| Malpighiales | Trigoniaceae | Triangle-vine | | | | | Central and South America, Madagascar, W. Malesia |
| Malpighiales | Violaceae | Violet | | | | | World-wide |
| Malvales | Bixaceae | Achiote | | | | | Pantropical |
| Malvales | Cistaceae | Rock-rose | | | | | Eurasia, esp. the Mediterranean region, North Africa, North America, S. South America |
| Malvales | Cytinaceae | Rockrose-rape | | | | | Mexico to Costa Rica, northern Colombia, the Mediterranean, South Africa and Madagascar |
| Malvales | Dipterocarpaceae | Shichi | | | | | More or less Pantropical, but overwhelmingly West Malesian in diversity |
| Malvales | Malvaceae | Mallow or Hibiscus | | | | | Largely tropical, also temperate |
| Malvales | Muntingiaceae | Bajelly-tree | | | | | Tropical America |
| Malvales | Neuradaceae | Sand button | | | | | Africa to India, dry or desert areas |
| Malvales | Sarcoleaceae | Tunic-bells | | | | | Madagascar, mostly E. and C |
| Malvales | Sphaerosepalaceae | Lombiry | | | | | Madagascar |
| Malvales | Thymelaeaceae | Fibre-bark or daphne | | | | | World-wide, esp. trop. Africa and Australia |
| Metteniusales | Metteniusaceae | Urupagua | | | | | Tropical |
| Myrtales | Alzateaceae | Wantsum | | | | | Costa Rica to Peru |
| Myrtales | Combretaceae | Leadwood | | | | | Largely tropical |
| Myrtales | Crypteroniaceae | Bekoi | | | | | South East Asia, Malesia, Sri Lanka |
| Myrtales | Lythraceae | Loosestrife | | | | | Tropical, but some temperate |
| Myrtales | Melastomataceae | Blackmouth | | | | | Very largely tropical, also subtropical, 70% New World |
| Myrtales | Myrtaceae | Myrtle or guava | | | | | World-wide, mostly tropical-warm temperate |
| Myrtales | Onagraceae | Evening primrose | | | | | World-wide |
| Myrtales | Penaeaceae | Brickleaf | | | | | E. and S. Africa, overwhelmingly South African, also St Helena |
| Myrtales | Vochysiaceae | Quaruba | | | | | Tropical America, W. Africa |
| Nymphaeales | Cabombaceae | Water shield | | | | | World-wide, rather scattered |
| Nymphaeales | Hydatellaceae | Watertufts | | | | | India, New Zealand and Australia |
| Nymphaeales | Nymphaeaceae | Water lily | | | | | World-wide |
| Oncothecales | Oncothecaceae | Kanak-laurel | | | | | native to New Caledonia |

| order (APW) | family (Kew & APW) | common family name | America | EurAfrica | AsiaIndia | AsiaAus | Stevens, P. F. Angiosperm Phylogeny Website |
|----------------|--------------------|-------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|---|
| Oxalidales | Brunelliaceae | Palo-bobo | | | | | Central and South America and the Antilles; more or less montane |
| Oxalidales | Cephalotaceae | Albany pitcherplant | | | | | S.W. Australia, native |
| Oxalidales | Connaraceae | Zebra-wood | | | | | Pantropical, especially Africa and Old World |
| Oxalidales | Cunoniaceae | Butterspoon-tree | | | | | Largely temperate and tropical S. hemisphere, a few from South Africa and Madagascar |
| Oxalidales | Elaeocarpaceae | Fairy-pettycoats | | | | | Tropical, not mainland Africa, southern (warm) temperate |
| Oxalidales | Huaceae | Cameroon-garlic | | | | | Tropical Africa |
| Oxalidales | Oxalidaceae | Wood sorrel | | | | | (sub)tropical: species like <i>Oxalis corniculata</i> are very weedy and widespread |
| Pandanales | Cyclanthaceae | Panama hat | | | | | Central and tropical South America |
| Pandanales | Pandanaceae | Screw-pine | | | | | W. Africa to the Pacific |
| Pandanales | Stemonaceae | Baibu | | | | | China and Japan to Australia, also S.E. U. S. A. (Croomia) |
| Pandanales | Triuridaceae | Threetails | | | | | Pantropical |
| Pandanales | Velloziaceae | Baboon-tail | | | | | South America and Africa-Madagascar to Arabia, China |
| Paracryphiales | Paracryphiaceae | Possumwood | | | | | Southwest Pacific: Philippines to New Zealand and New Caledonia |
| Petrosaviales | Petrosaviaceae | Oze-so | | | | | Scattered, E. India and East Asia to W. Malesia |
| Picramniales | Picramniaceae | Bitterbush | | | | | Neotropical |
| Piperales | Aristolochiaceae | Birthwort | | | | | World-wide, not Arctic |
| Piperales | Piperaceae | Pepper | | | | | Pantropical |
| Piperales | Saururaceae | Lizard's-tail | | | | | Temperate North America, East Asia to West Malesia |
| Poales | Bromeliaceae | Bromeliads or pineapple | | | | | Throughout (sub)tropical America; 1 sp. W. tropical Africa |
| Poales | Cyperaceae | Sedge | | | | | World-wide |
| Poales | Ecdeiocoleaceae | Kwongan-rush | | | | | S.W. Australia, native |
| Poales | Eriocaulaceae | Pipewort | | | | | Pantropical (to temperate), but esp. Guyana Highlands and S.E. Brasil |
| Poales | Flagellariaceae | Whip-vine | | | | | Palaeotropics, to the Pacific Islands |
| Poales | Joinvilleaceae | Ohe | | | | | Malay Peninsula to the Pacific |
| Poales | Juncaceae | Rush | | | | | World-wide, esp. Andes (3 endemic genera), S. South America-New Zealand (2 genera) |
| Poales | Mayacaceae | Bog-moss | | | | | Mostly tropical and American, centre in Guyana, also S.E. U.S.A., 1 sp. from Africa |
| Poales | Poaceae | Grasses | | | | | World-wide; <i>Deschampsia antarctica</i> also in the Antarctic Peninsula |
| Poales | Rapateaceae | Tow-tow | | | | | Tropical South America, esp. the Guianas, West Africa |
| Poales | Restionaceae | Restiads or fynbos | | | | | Rather scattered, mostly in (warm) temperate Southern Hemisphere, especially Australia, southern Africa |
| Poales | Thurniaceae | Palmiet | | | | | North east South America, South Africa |
| Poales | Typhaceae | Cat-tail or bulrush | | | | | More or less world-wide |
| Poales | Xyridaceae | Yellow-eyed grass | | | | | Pantropical to warm temperate |
| Proteales | Nelumbonaceae | (Sacred-)Lotus | | | | | Temperate, E. North America and E. Asia |
| Proteales | Platanaceae | Plane-tree | | | | | North Temperate |
| Proteales | Proteaceae | Protea or sugarbush | | | | | Largely southern hemisphere, esp. Australia and S. Africa |
| Proteales | Sabiaceae | Pabo-hua | | | | | Sri Lanka and South East Asia to Malesia, tropical America |

| order (APW) | family (Kew & APW) | common family name | America | EurAfrica | AsiaIndia | AsiaAus | Stevens, P. F. Angiosperm Phylogeny Website |
|--------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|---|
| Ranunculales | Berberidaceae | Barberry | | | | | Mostly East Asia and E. North America, also South America, N. temperate, scattered in Africa |
| Ranunculales | Circaeasteraceae | Witch's-star | | | | | N. India to S.W. and W. China |
| Ranunculales | Eupteleaceae | Asian-elm | | | | | Temperate South East Asia |
| Ranunculales | Lardizabalaceae | Zabala-fruit | | | | | South East Asia and Chile |
| Ranunculales | Menispermaceae | Moonseed | | | | | Pantropical, usually lowland, some warm temperate |
| Ranunculales | Papaveraceae | Poppy | | | | | Largely N. Temperate, also S. Africa, scattered in South America, etc |
| Ranunculales | Ranunculaceae | Buttercup | | | | | ± World-wide, but most temperate |
| Rosales | Barbeyaceae | Elm-olive | | | | | N.E. Africa, Arabia |
| Rosales | Cannabaceae | Hemp | | | | | world-wide, but not Arctic |
| Rosales | Dirachmaceae | Rachman | | | | | Socotra, Somalia |
| Rosales | Elaeagnaceae | Oleaster | | | | | North Temperate, warm tropical; Malesia and Australia - also quite widely cultivated and/or escaped |
| Rosales | Moraceae | Mulberry or fig | | | | | Mostly tropical to warm temperate |
| Rosales | Rhamnaceae | Buckthorn | | | | | World-wide, especially tropics and warm temperate regions |
| Rosales | Rosaceae | Rose | | | | | World-wide, but esp. N. hemisphere, often not deserts or tropical rainforest |
| Rosales | Ulmaceae | Elm | | | | | ± Word-wide, but not Arctic, South temperate, Madagascar, or the Antopdes and the Pacific |
| Rosales | Urticaceae | Nettle | | | | | World-wide, but mainly tropical |
| Santalales | Aptandraceae | Aptandra | | | | | Pantropical (also SE China, Formosa) |
| Santalales | Balanophoraceae | Snake-mushroom | | | | | Pantropical |
| Santalales | Coulaceae | Coula | | | | | Interrupted pantropical |
| Santalales | Erythralaceae | Erythralum | | | | | Pantropical, East Malesia to Talaud and Flores, not Madagascar; most in Central and South America |
| Santalales | Loranthaceae | (Showy) mistletoe | | | | | ± Tropical |
| Santalales | Misodendraceae | Feathery mistletoes | | | | | Cool temperate South America |
| Santalales | Mystropetalaceae | Mystropetalon | | | | | New Zealand (North Island), New Caledonia, the western Cape, South Africa |
| Santalales | Octoknemaceae | Octoknema | | | | | Tropical Africa |
| Santalales | Olacaceae | Tallow-wood | | | | | Pantropical (also southern China, Formosa) |
| Santalales | Opiliaceae | Bally-coma | | | | | Pantropical |
| Santalales | Santalaceae | Sandalwoods | | | | | World-wide, esp. tropics |
| Santalales | Schoepfiaceae | Whitewood | | | | | Central and South America, a few species in tropical South East Asia-West Malesia |
| Santalales | Strombosiaceae | Strombosia | | | | | Scattered Pantropical |
| Santalales | Ximeniaceae | Hog plum | | | | | Pantropical, warm temperate |
| Sapindales | Anacardiaceae | Cashew | | | | | Tropical, esp. Palaeotropics, also temperate |
| Sapindales | Biebersteiniaceae | Khardug | | | | | Greece to Central Asia |
| Sapindales | Burseraceae | Torchwood | | | | | Tropical |
| Sapindales | Kirkiaceae | White-seringa | | | | | Tropical and S. Africa, Madagascar |
| Sapindales | Meliaceae | Mahogany | | | | | Pantropical, but largely Old World |
| Sapindales | Nitrariaceae | Nitrebush | | | | | ± arid regions from North Africa to East Asia, also S.W. Australia and E. Mexico |

| order (APW) | family (Kew & APW) | common family name | America | EurAfrica | AsiaIndia | AsiaAus | Stevens, P. F. Angiosperm Phylogeny Website |
|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|--|
| Sapindales | Rutaceae | Rue or citrus | | | | | Largely tropical |
| Sapindales | Sapindaceae | Soapberry | | | | | ± World-wide |
| Sapindales | Simaroubaceae | Tree-of-Heaven | | | | | Largely tropical and esp. the New World |
| Saxifragales | Altingiaceae | Sweetgum | | | | | E. Mediterranean, East Asia to Malesia, Central America |
| Saxifragales | Aphanopetalaceae | Gum-vine | | | | | W. and E. Australia, native |
| Saxifragales | Cercidiphyllaceae | Caramel-tree | | | | | China and Japan |
| Saxifragales | Crassulaceae | Orpine and Stonecrop | | | | | Cosmopolitan, esp. the Cape region and Mexico, but few in S. South America and the Antipodes, not in Polynesia |
| Saxifragales | Cynomoriaceae | Tarthuth | | | | | Mediterranean to C. Asia |
| Saxifragales | Daphniphyllaceae | Laurel-leaf | | | | | East Asia to Malesia |
| Saxifragales | Grossulariaceae | Gooseberry | | | | | Temperate N. hemisphere, also along the Andes |
| Saxifragales | Haloragaceae | Water-milfoil | | | | | World-wide, but especially Australia |
| Saxifragales | Hamamelidaceae | Witch-hazel | | | | | Tropical to temperate, esp. East Asia to Australia, not South America |
| Saxifragales | Iteaceae | Sweetspire | | | | | Rather scattered, warm temperate to tropical |
| Saxifragales | Paeoniaceae | Peony | | | | | N. Temperate, especially East Asia |
| Saxifragales | Penthoraceae | Ditch-stonecrop | | | | | East and South East Asia, E. North America |
| Saxifragales | Peridiscaceae | Ringflower | | | | | South America, tropical W. Africa |
| Saxifragales | Saxifragaceae | Saxifrage | | | | | Mostly N. temperate and Arctic (S. temperate, some tropical mountains) |
| Saxifragales | Tetracarpaeaceae | Delicate-laurel | | | | | Australia, Tasmania only |
| Solanales | Convolvulaceae | Bindweed | | | | | World-wide |
| Solanales | Hydroleaceae | Fiddleleaf | | | | | Tropical, warm temperate |
| Solanales | Montiniaceae | Wild-clovebush | | | | | Africa and Madagascar |
| Solanales | Solanaceae | Nightshade | | | | | World-wide, but overwhelmingly tropical America |
| Solanales | Sphenocleaceae | Gooseweed | | | | | Old World tropics |
| Trochodendrales | Trochodendraceae | Wheel-tree | | | | | Japan to N. Taiwan, China, Nepal |
| Vahliales | Vahliaceae | Flindersbush | | | | | Africa and Madagascar to India |
| Vitales | Vitaceae | Grapevine | | | | | Pantropical and (warm) temperate |
| Zingiberales | Cannaceae | Canna | | | | | New World (sub)tropics |
| Zingiberales | Costaceae | Spiral ginger | | | | | Pantropical, esp. America and Papuasias-Australia |
| Zingiberales | Heliconiaceae | Wild plantain | | | | | Mostly tropical America, a few Celebes to the Pacific |
| Zingiberales | Lowiaceae | Orchid-lily | | | | | S. China to Borneo |
| Zingiberales | Marantaceae | Arrowroot | | | | | Tropics, esp. American, not in Australia |
| Zingiberales | Musaceae | Bananas | | | | | Africa, Himalayas to South East Asia, Philippines and N. Australia |
| Zingiberales | Strelitziaceae | Bird-of-Paradise flower | | | | | Tropical South America, E. southern Africa, Madagascar |
| Zingiberales | Zingiberaceae | Ginger | | | | | (Sub)tropical, esp. South East Asia-Malesia |
| Zygophyllales | Krameriaceae | Rhatany | | | | | S.W. U.S.A. to Chile, the West Indies |
| Zygophyllales | Zygophyllaceae | Creosote Bush | | | | | Dry and warm/cool temperate, also tropical |

